

Half today, today for night
to-morrow day and night
Temperature yesterday - Max-
imum 77, minimum 42.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

The Herald has the largest
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NO. 2045.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SUNDAY, MAY 12, 1912. - FORTY-FOUR PAGES

FIVE CENTS.

FEDERAL FORCE REBEL RETREAT TOWARD ESCALON

Driven Back Thirty Miles by
Madero's Troops, Orozco
Seeks Stronghold.

FINAL BATTLE IS NEAR

Revolutionary Leader Issues Call for
Volunteers to Fight for
Free Mexico.

El Paso, Texas, May 11.—Gen. Orozco's insurgent army is gradually being forced back toward its base at Escalon by three columns of Federal troops, under Gen. Huerta, Hahnemann, and Tracy Aubert. Its slowly named are the columns of the two armies, however, that there are 15,000 troops in a radius of seventy-five miles.

The advance and retreat is being carried on over a sandy desert and beneath a blazing sun. There is little food or water to be had, and both sides are suffering. Huerta has broken out among the troops. Within the past twenty-four hours, according to intelligence from Gen. Teller's staff headquarters, near Brownsville, the rebels have been driven back nearly thirty miles.

Rebels Head for Escalon.
The rebel forces, closely pursued by the Federal army, are fleeing to the northward, with Escalon as their final goal; the Federal troops in Mexico City are preparing for an onslaught on Zapata's rebels. Orozco, senior, in the north, has issued a call for volunteers to fight for "Free Mexico," the Buford has arrived at San Blas.

This was the gist of the news received at the State Department last night from the disaffected Mexican provinces, and as it foretold peace and a renewed sense of prosperity through the country south of the Rio Grande, it was welcome news.

The department considers that as long as the Maderist faction is in the ascendant in Mexico foreign interests are safe, for the present President possesses in a great degree the happy faculty of quieting revolt and stopping anarchy when the trouble has not gotten as much of a start on him. But should Orozco or Zapata gain the Mexican people's confidence, a wave of anti-American feeling, superinduced by the love of loot, would sweep over the country to the detriment of foreign interests, and to the danger of foreign lives.

Orozco Issues Appeal.
The rebels having been defeated at Tlahuacan, it is thought that the next big engagement will take place at Escalon, a rebel stronghold, which the Federal army is expected to besiege. Orozco's appeal for volunteers in the north is taken to mean that he considers his present force unable to cope with the Federal army, and a governmental victory is consequently expected.

Outside of the fact that the Buford has arrived at San Blas on other word has been heard from the army transport. The department was also advised that El Paso bankers are raising the rate of exchange for Mexican paper money. They have announced that hereafter they will pay only 45 cents for the peso notes, a reduction of 15 cents.

The Washington Times, maintained by Emilio Vasquez Gomez, self-proclaimed provisional President of Mexico, yesterday afternoon again denied that Gen. Orozco, the rebel commander-in-chief, was supporting Guma.

PHILADELPHIA PUTS BAN ON FRATERNITY

But Capt. James F. Oyster Says
They Are Under Control
in District Schools.

Philadelphia, May 11.—The school board here has abolished all fraternities in the public schools.

There is no fear of the local high school fraternities being abolished, as was ordered yesterday in Philadelphia by the school board of that city. It is the consensus of opinion among members of the Board of Education that as long as fraternities refrain from attempting to dominate in the management of school affairs, they should be permitted to exist.

Capt. James F. Oyster, President of the Board of Education, last night expressed the belief that fraternity matters are well in hand in the District.

"I cannot see that fraternities are objectionable," said Capt. Oyster, "as long as they are under control. If the secret organizations, however, attempt to run affairs at the schools, and try to thwart the plans of the school officials, there is but one logical thing to do—abolish them. Several months ago there was some trouble with several fraternities which displayed an independent and warlike spirit. They were soon subdued, and since then there has been no trouble. Fraternity matters at present are well in hand."

Dr. William M. Davidson, Superintendent of Schools, is preparing a report on the fraternity question, which he will submit to the Board of Education in the near future.

London Tailors' Strike Off.
London, May 11.—By a ballot of 30 to 10, the striking men and women tailors voted to return to work this afternoon.

Novel Wedding Ceremony.
Zanesville, Ohio, May 11.—By the aid of the Ohio, holding religious services, Mary Rues and Martin Lincombs, deaf mutes, were married here by the Rev. J. M. Kinney.

House Becomes Bitter.
St. Louis, May 11.—Mrs. C. W. Norris, of Chester, Ill., has become the victim of a peculiar affliction. Her bones have become so brittle that the slightest pressure breaks them.

CHILD SUICIDE EPIDEMIC.

Louisville, Ky., May 11.—Bruce Russell, fourteen, committed suicide at his home last night by hanging himself from a book in a closet. His brother found the body when he returned from work.

The family cannot account for his act. This is the second child suicide here this week. Alvin House, twelve years old, shot herself on Wednesday.

NIGHT OF TERROR IN FLOODED ZONE

Fact that Storms Did Not Damage
Levees, However, Brings
Ray of Hope.

WATER LEAPS OVER BANKS AND COVER VAST AREA

New Orleans Inundated and Men
Go to Work with Trousers
Rolled Above Knees.

New Orleans, La., May 11.—With hope renewed by the fact that no big levees were made in the Mississippi levees by last night's torrential rains, thousands of men, white and black, and among them hundreds of volunteers, are working with frantically energy to-night to strengthen the dikes against the climatic onslaught when the flood reaches its crest.

Conditions bordering on panic prevailed throughout the stricken sections all of last night and continued during the day. Believing that the worst had come, that the levees had been torn away, and terrified by the thunder and lightning, thousands of people who had refused to leave their homes made a hurried flight to the concentrated camps. How many were lost is not known. The water leaped over the levees in great waves and spread beyond the reaches of previous high water marks with amazing rapidity. Crops heretofore safe were engulfed.

The water gauge in this city registered 11.5 feet, one-tenth higher than the Weather Bureau's prediction. The gauge all the way from Northern Louisiana to the Gulf were sent up correspondingly. When the rain ceased and the sun appeared at 10 o'clock a weirdly desolate scene was disclosed. The streets of New Orleans were inundated, the water in a number of places being several feet deep.

Men in Bare Feet.
Many people were caught in basement buildings and had narrow escapes. The city had been in darkness for ten hours, and no one slept. Men went to their offices at noon with their trousers above their knees and their shoes slung over their shoulders.

The same conditions prevailed at New Roads and Baton Rouge, where the principal camps are located. All street car traffic was suspended here to-day owing to the water in the streets and the flooding of some of the powerhouses. The city is only partially lighted to-night.

Federal engineers are confident to-night that the levees will withstand the water, but they are watching as they weathered last night's storm, and are continually being strengthened. The Weather Bureau has also sent out reassuring bulletins placing the possibility of another similar storm is remote.

The revenue cutters Windom and Winona arrived here this morning and proceeded up the river to aid in the rescue work.

At New Roads the water is up to the door sills of the houses, but the inhabitants refused to regard the warning of Federal and State officials. Great loss of life is predicted unless the flood subsides shortly. A new break at Moreauville has extended the crevasse there 2,000 feet.

STRIKE AT HAYANA GROWING SERIOUS

Other Workmen Join Walkout, and
City May Be in Darkness.
Violence Is Feared.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.
Havana, May 11.—The strike situation here has reached a critical stage. The marine firemen and seamen threaten to bring about a complete stop of the city, with the continued support of the railroad firemen and firemen employed by the gas and electric companies. It is feared that the city will be in darkness to-morrow night.

The firemen aboard the American steamers *Manzanillo* and *Miami*, plying between Havana and Florida ports, have been wired at Key West to-day, but was held up by the strike.

The government has maintained order so far, but a serious conflict is feared if the city is in darkness. The firemen are still without men to operate them.

GERMAN CRUISER ON THE WAY.

Sailor of One of Visiting Squadron
from Key for Cape Henry.

Kiel, May 11.—The German cruiser *Kolbitz*, which together with the cruiser *Wettin* from this port, and the cruiser *Stettin*, from this port, and the cruiser *Jax* have been selected to return the visit paid last June to this port by the second division of the United States Atlantic fleet, sailed this morning, by way of the *Calicut* and the *Shagbark*, around the north of Denmark, for Cape Henry, on the Virginia coast. The cruiser *Stettin* will follow to-morrow, by way of the *Kiel* Canal.

Gov. Prothers Improving.
Austin, Tex., May 11.—Former Gov. Austin L. Prothers is better to-day. He is breakfasting with relatives and has appeared brighter all the forenoon.

The governor now thinks that there is a possibility that he may recover sufficiently to get out of bed, but still has no hope of any permanent relief.

BOLAND ASSERTS ARCHBOLD PROBE COST HIM \$25,000

Principal Witness Promises
Startling Story When He
Testifies To-morrow.

Worked Eight Years

Traveled Many Miles at His Own
Expense Gathering Testimony,
He Maintains.

That the charges of misconduct in office which he has preferred against Robert W. Archbold, judge of the Commerce court, are but the means to an end, and that he expects to expose a vast conspiracy showing a railroad-dominated judiciary, are two important inferences to be drawn from guarded statements made yesterday by W. P. Boland, who is expected to prove the principal witness in the inquiry now being conducted by the House Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Boland, an independent coal dealer, of Washington, is the man who first preferred charges against Judge Archbold. He will be called by the committee Monday. He says he will tell a story that will tax the credulity of his hearers, and he promises to furnish proof for every statement he makes.

Since coming to Washington, Mr. Boland has refused steadfastly to tell his story in advance. Whether the committee is in possession of all the evidence Mr. Boland expects to present is not known. Mr. Boland indicates that there is much of which no mention is made in the documentary evidence gathered by the Department of Justice and by his representative, Writley Brown, who conducted a quiet investigation in Pennsylvania.

Will Tell Story Monday.
"I will tell my story Monday, not before," said Mr. Boland yesterday. "I could tell you a story that would make you say, 'That man is crazy,' a story you would not believe, much less print; but it will be in the plenty of time Monday. I will make certain statements, and then I will give the committee every opportunity to refute or deny them. Then I will submit proof of every statement I make."

"A terrible situation exists, a conspiracy which seeks to undermine the very foundation of our government. I have spent many months investigating conditions since I first began to suspect that I was being not only the railroad interests, but the courts as well. I have been all alone in the fight, and it has been a rough battle. Those who have times when I was utterly despondent, when I was almost ready to give in and admit my inability to maintain my independence, but these I have been fighting have never known it. I have traveled as far North as Portland, Me., as far South as Richmond, and as far West as Detroit in running down facts. I have collected my money, but I have not a bit, and I know what I have discovered."

Sought Proper Care.
"I knew if I could get my story to the proper ears, if I could talk to men with red blood in their veins here in Washington, I could convince them of the necessity of an inquiry such as this. I came down here with no assurance that I would be able to see the right men. I came here, I did see the right men, and Monday I shall tell a story that would tax their credulity. I did not have proof to back up my assertions."

While Mr. Boland was talking, waiting for a car near the House Office Building, Judge Archbold and his eldest son passed him on their way from the morning session of the hearing.

"Good morning, judge," called Boland, cheerfully.

Judge Archbold looked his accuser straight in the face and passed on without a sign of emotion.

"I have nothing against Judge Archbold personally," resumed Mr. Boland. "I have no desire to injure him or any other man, but when I realized what was being done, how the courts were being constituted by the powerful railroad interests, when eight years of watching and litigation had convinced me that these people were testing at the framework of our government, I decided that it was no thing to consider individuals."

Hints at Revelations.
Mr. Boland said that many names hitherto unmentioned in connection with the Archbold charges would be brought out in the course of the investigation, and he indicated plainly that the Pennsylvania State and Federal judiciary would be brought into the case through his testimony.

Edward J. Williams, of Scranton; R. H. Meyer, a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and others.

Continued on Page Three.

DECLINES TO TALK ON CLAYTON BILL

"I've Been Asked to Discuss All
Kinds of Tomfool Proposi-
tions," Says Colonel.

Oyster Bay, May 11.—When Col. Roosevelt was asked to-night what he thought of Representative Clayton's bill limiting the Presidency to one term of six years, which comes up for hearing May 21, he said:

"I've been asked to discuss all kinds of tomfool propositions. I'll not talk about that one."

The speech the colonel is to deliver in Canton, Ohio, Tuesday night, his first in the Ohio campaign, was finished to-day. It will deal largely with the judicial record, along the lines of his recent speeches.

The colonel leaves New York at 6:30 o'clock Monday evening for Ohio. He stops all day Tuesday, ending up at Canton, Ohio, on Wednesday night. He speaks in Dayton, with day time speeches in between. Other night speeches will be made at Columbus, Akron, and Cleveland.

The colonel will cover the entire State in his seven-day tour. He leaves Ohio on the eve of the primaries, a week from Monday, reaching New York the next day.

PITTSBURG GASPED IN AMMONIA FUMES

Princeton, Pa., May 11.—The bursting of a fifty-pound ammonia tank in a warehouse in this city last evening caused the alarm to be given to the fire department, and a telephone message was sent to the local station of the United States Bureau of Mines asking for a rescue squad with their oxygen helmets, as the tank contained a large quantity of ammonia, and in fact, resulted in all kinds of trouble.

A squad of police rushed to the scene, but brought up short within a half block of the warehouse. The fire department was called out, and a telephone message was sent to the local station of the United States Bureau of Mines asking for a rescue squad with their oxygen helmets, as the tank contained a large quantity of ammonia, and in fact, resulted in all kinds of trouble.

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**EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS
CONTINUE IN MEXICO;**

PEOPLE SLEEP OUTDOORS
Mexico City, May 11.—Earthquake shocks continue throughout the State of Jalisco. Three distinct shocks were felt in the capital city of that state, Guadalupe, to-day, following four tremors last night.

The city is virtually deserted and the people are living in the fields.

The three volcanoes, El Colli, Colubrera, and Colima are in continuous eruption. A portion of the town of Guadalupe has been destroyed by an eruption of the volcano Guadalupe.

**CONDUCTORS ARRESTED
IN CHICAGO STRIKE
FOR DESTROYING PAPERS**

Chicago, May 11.—Eight street car conductors, who destroyed the papers of a newspaper at Northwestern Avenue and Division Street to-day, were arrested by police men attracted to the place by the cries of the mob. They were locked at the station for disorderly conduct.

This was the only disorder reported to-day in the newspaper strike.

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**SOCIALIST CONVENTION
CONDEMNES ACTION OF
SAN DIEGO CRUSADE**

Indianapolis, Ind., May 11.—Socialists from all parts of the United States are gathered here to-day for the national convention of the party, which will go into session to-morrow. Preliminary arrangements for the meeting were completed to-day. The executive committee is in session.

John M. Work, of Chicago, national secretary of the party, reported a gain of 200 per cent in the membership during the last four years. The executive committee took a stand against the methods of the Industrial Workers of the World in San Diego, which has been adopted by the revolution adopted.

**POLICE DISPERSE BIG
CROWD THAT GAZES
ON WOMAN SUICIDE**

New York, May 11.—The police had to be called out to-day to disperse the crowd after Mrs. Dora Katz, while temporarily insane, jumped to her death from the roof of her home at 40 Grand Street, in the presence of hundreds of people.

The crowd gathered around the dead body as it lay on the sidewalk.

Mrs. Katz had been suffering from insanity for two weeks. Leaving her husband and children in her apartment, she said she would return in a few moments. She walked up the stairway to the top of the building, six stories in height, and then, with a shriek, threw herself from the roof.

ISMAY IS CHEERED BY LARGE CROWD

Steamship Official Greeted as He
Steps on English Soil—Gives
Out Statement to Press.

Liverpool, England, May 11.—British cheers greeted J. Bruce Ismay, managing director of the International Mercantile Marine company, as he stepped on the shipboard of the steamship *Adriatic* to-day and set his foot upon English soil for the first time since the Titanic disaster.

The *Adriatic* also brought the surviving officers of the Titanic who, with Ismay, have testified before the Senatorial committee which investigated the Titanic disaster.

Mr. Ismay refused to receive newspaper men but sent a telegram to them in which he said:

"The Titanic disaster has been the greatest trial of my life. I have given a responsible and adequate commission a plain, unvarnished statement of facts, and my evidence before the British commission should not be anticipated in any way."

Ismay looked pale and haggard as he walked down the ship's gangplank to the pier. As the assembled crowd cheered him he lifted his hat and bowed.

A big crowd had gathered at the dock, among them relatives and friends of the Titanic survivors who were on board, and children in their apartment. The survivors who arrived on the *Adriatic* will be called to testify before the Government Court of Inquiry, headed by Lord Mersey, when it reconvenes on Tuesday.

WOULD HEAD TICKET.
Former Mayor Seidel, of Milwaukee, seeks Socialist Nomination.

Lafayette, Ind., May 11.—Former Mayor Seidel, of Milwaukee, who speaks to a large audience here to-night, authorized the announcement that the Wisconsin delegates to the Socialist National convention would present his name as a candidate for the nomination of President.

SENATE IGNORES PENSION DEFICIT IN PASSING BILL

Police and Firemen's Measure
Is Emaculated Before
Its Passage.

Little Relief Is Offered
Sources of Revenue for Fund Prac-
tically Unchanged—Members'

Practically nullifying the intent of the measure, the Senate yesterday passed a police and firemen's pension bill which makes no provision for the annual deficit in the fund. The bill was amended to meet objections by certain Senators, and the provisions making available certain funds in the event of a deficit was stricken out.

The measure will now go to conference with the bill passed by the House. The House bill provided for the annual deficit, but carries with it also a provision for a referendum vote of citizens of the District to decide whether they desire to incur the added taxation which may result.

Senator Gallinger, chairman of the Senate District Committee, said last night that he did not believe the conference would attempt to put the deferred provision through the Senate in a conference measure. There are several clauses which will work to this improvement.

"We can take care of that every year as it occurs," he said. "This bill calls for marked improvement over present conditions. There are several clauses which will work to this improvement."

Sylvester Disappointed.
Major Sylvester, chief of police, who framed the bill, was greatly disappointed over the action in the Senate.

"The striking out of the clause which makes available funds from homes other than liquor licenses," he said last night, "practically nullifies the measure. It leaves us almost where we began."

"It is most unfortunate. I suggested the provision in the bill and drafted the measure. I thought carefully of provisions in other cities and all the statistics I could obtain and decided that that was the best way to do away with the annual deficit and the suffering among the beneficiaries of the fund which results from the cutting down of their pensions for several months each year. That was the principal feature of the bill and I am extremely sorry to learn of the action in the Senate."

The bill as it passed the Senate yesterday provides for an increase from 1 per cent to 1.5 per cent on the salaries of the police and firemen. Other revenues are to come from practically the same sources, fines and forfeitures in the Police Court, and from the sale of property in the custody of the police department, fines imposed on members and such rewards paid policemen and firemen as the Commissioners will not allow them to keep.

The adverse action of the Senate, it is believed, sounds the death knell of the legislation as it stands. The House of Congress is concerned. It is considered extremely doubtful if the conference will come to an agreement on House and Senate bills, which will include the important provision. The action came as a distinct surprise to those who had been working for the legislation, as it was not expected that the important provision would be stricken out in either House of Congress.

**PAUL PECK WINS
AVIATION HONORS**

Hempstead, N. Y., May 11.—Paul Peck, of Washington, D. C., in a Curtiss biplane, and George W. Beattie, of Chicago, in a Wright biplane, held the center of the aviation stage at the Mineola and Nassau fields this afternoon and evening.

Peck, who was trying out a new motor in anticipation of his proposed flight from here to Washington, D. C., did some particularly good flying between 3:00 and 5:00 p. m. He plans his Washington flight for next Saturday.

Beattie carried passengers in the afternoon.

**CHURCH DIVIDED
ON AMUSEMENTS**

Intense Feeling Is Manifested by
Methodist Delegates Over
Changing Discipline.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 11.—The intense feeling caused by the first discussion of the amusement question before the committee on the state of the church was referred to-day in the general conference of the Methodist Church itself.

It was evident to-day that the question of changing the church discipline to leave out specific injunctions against card playing and theater going is the big task that faces the conference.

Never in the history of the general conference, say delegates who have attended many sessions, has the question assumed the importance of this discussion, and never before have the delegates shown their partisanship more strongly.

During the time the question was up for discussion before the committee there were frequent cries of "No, No," as some of the speakers proceeded, and even some from the delegates who crowded in to hear the debate.

The right to develop even more intensely what it reaches the floor of the convention is predicted to-day. It is almost certain that the committee will bring in both a majority and a minority report. It is expected from present indications that the majority report will favor a change in the church rules, and that the minority report will demand that no change be made.

ELIZABETH AND RETURN.
Baltimore and Ohio.
Every Sunday and Monday. Good to return until 3 p. m. train Monday. All return both ways, including the Royal Limited.

SUICIDE ADVISES MOTHER.

New York, May 11.—With the cry of "Mother, you had better get a black dress," Mary Ritter, a thirteen-year-old girl living at 1115 Eighth Street, drank the contents of a vial of cyanide. Prompt attention saved the child.

THREE ALIENISTS TO TEST SANITY

Gov. Foss Determined to See Jus-
tice Done Rev. Clarence
V. T. Richeson.

**EXECUTIVE WILL HAVE
SIX EXPERT OPINIONS**

If Minister Was Insane at Time of
Deed, His Sentence Prob-
ably Will Be Commuted.

Boston, May 11.—The fight to save Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, the former Rapid River minister, from the death chair for the murder of his one-time sweetheart, Avis Lindell, reached its crucial point to-day. Announcement was made that three more alienists named by Gov. Foss would visit Richeson in his cell in the Charles Street jail to-day and make a final effort to solve the question of his sanity. This is the sole point upon which Richeson's fate hangs.

These reports satisfy Gov. Foss that the condemned Virginian was mentally incompetent at the time of the murder, he is expected to recommend to his executive council at its meeting next Wednesday that the sentence of death be commuted to life imprisonment.

The alienists named to examine Richeson to-day are Dr. Morton M. Prince, of Boston, and Dr. Henry R. Steadman, of New York. Dr. Steadman, who is a member of the Massachusetts Board for the Feeble Minded.

When their reports are handed to him Gov. Foss will have the opinions of six of the State's foremost alienists on Richeson's mental condition.

Meanwhile, Dr. O. G. Cilly, physician at the Charles Street jail, has issued a startling statement declaring that Richeson is absolutely sane.

Says Richeson Is Sane.
Dr. Cilly is not an alienist who has been named by Foss to make a report. He is a general practitioner who has been in daily attendance upon Richeson in his capacity of jail physician.

His opinion of Richeson's sanity, he pointed out the known opinions of Dr. Richard Blake and Dr. H. H. Corral, and it is understood that Dr. L. V. Briggs has also decided Richeson is not sane.

Three answers may be made to the question of Richeson's sanity. The Governor has announced what his course will be in each case.

If the Governor is confident Richeson is sane, the prisoner may pay the penalty of his crime according to the sentence of the court.

If it appears that Richeson was insane at the time of his murderous deed, Gov. Foss will refer the plea to the council and urge that Richeson's life be spared.

May Grant Reprieve.
If the Governor finds that Richeson was sane at the time of his deed, but has been driven mad by brooding over his crime which prompted his act of mutilation, he will order that the prisoner be kept in an asylum for life, as he remains insane and be executed if his senses return to normal.

The Governor has issued a statement of the strike charge that the head waiter at the Belmont has persistently refused to remain in the Suffolk County jail was received.

CITY-WIDE STRIKE IS THREATENED

Belmont Waiters Say They Will
Tie Up Every Dining-room
and Cafe in New York.

New York, May 11.—Striking waiters of the Belmont declared to-day that they would endeavor to tie up every dining-room and cafe in New York with a sympathetic strike. Following a mass meeting of strikers a demonstration was held in front of the Belmont, and fourteen policemen of the "strong arm" squad were on guard to-day to preserve order. Leaders of the strike charge that the head waiter at the Belmont has persistently discriminated against union men.

The waiters declare the trouble arose when one waiter, while serving a soup course, stepped on a loose shoe string and spread the floor in a large pond of chicken gumbo.

The head waiter, on the other hand, declares that there were more serious causes which led to the dismissal of the falling waiter and the consequent walk-out.

Fair Commission at St. Petersburg.
St. Petersburg, May 11.—The members of the Panama-Pacific Exposition commission, under the leadership of John Hay, arrived here this morning from Germany. They passed the greater part of the day sightseeing. They are to be entertained by Premier Kokovtsov to-morrow and by the Minister of Commerce, M. Timoshin, on May 12.

Admiral Pike in Aero.
Salem, Mass., May 11.—Rear Admiral Bradley A. Pike, commanding the second squadron of the Atlantic fleet, to-day was taken on an aerial trip in a biplane by Philip Ward Page. Admiral Pike is the first American naval officer of such high rank personally to visit the hydro-aeroplane.

BOY KILLED BY STATE POLICE IN MINE RIOT

Youth Falls with Bullet Wound
When Troopers Fire
Into Mob.

Deed Awaits the Strikers
Demonstrations Made by Men at
Miners Mills Qualified by
Constabulary.

Scranton, Pa., May 11.—George H. Harsanyi, fourteen years old, was killed here to-day by State troopers as a result of a series of riots at the Olyphant colliery, No. 1.

Although 1,000 foreigners had gathered near the colliery and began to display firearms and hurl missiles at the State police, the latter opened fire on the rioters. The boy was killed by the first volley.

The mounted police moved forward just as a volley of stones struck them. Some of the members of the mob had firearms, and several were fired. Recognizing the dangerous temper of the mob, the State troopers had their guns in readiness for instant use. The commandant of the troop had given orders that if it became necessary to shoot at all, to fire low, so that the bullets would either strike the ground or pass too low to inflict a mortal injury on any one of the mob. When the first volley of stones from the troopers passed the boy fell. The crowd passed through his breast near the heart.

The shooting ended the rioters fled immediately began to retreat. As they drew back,